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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/937,516 03/06/2002		03/06/2002	Peter Wagner	P/ 37-171	9644		
2352	7590	03/13/2006		EXAMINER			
		BER GERB & SOFI	CONLEY, SEAN EVERETT				
NEW YOR		THE AMERICAS 100368403		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	,			1744			
				DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006	DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/937,516	;	WAGNER, PETER					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		Sean E. Co		1744					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication aported in the communication approximation a	pears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address:	<b>;</b>				
WHIO - Extending - Extending - If No - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THI 136(a). In no ever I will apply and will te, cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION nt, however, may a reply be tin expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed I the mailing date of this communi ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 L	December 20	<u>05</u> .						
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)[	• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 26-57 is/are pending in the application	on.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
·	Claim(s) <u>26-29,31 and 55-57</u> is/are rejected.								
•	Claim(s) <u>30 and 32-54</u> is/are objected to.								
8)[]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election re	quirement.						
Applicat	tion Papers								
,	The specification is objected to by the Examin		_						
10) $\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 September 2001</u> is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				404/4\				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E								
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig   ☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	n priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	i)-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price			ed in this National Stag	е				
	application from the International Burea	•		- 4					
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certif	ed copies not receive	ed.					
Attachme	nt(s)								
1) 🛛 Not	ice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	8)		Date Patent Application (PTO-152)	)				
Pap	er No(s)/Mail Date		6)  Other:						

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

1. The Remarks/Arguments filed December 21, 2005 have been carefully considered. Claims 26-57 remain pending.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 2. The indicated allowability of claims 26, 27, 31 and 56-57 are withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Sanderson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,349,118).

  Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.
- 3. Claims 30 and 32-54 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claims 30 and 44-51, the prior art, alone or in combination, fail to teach or fairly suggest a sterilization container with a temperature sensor that further comprises a snap-disk stack having a plurality of snap disks each having a shape that varies responsive to temperature changes; and at least two of the snap-disks in the snap-disk stack having different respective temperature behaviors.

Regarding claims 32-43 and 52-54, the prior art alone or in combination, fails to teach or fairly suggest a sterilization container further comprising a central wall section in the bottom and having a conical shape that is tapered inward in an upward direction; perforation openings in the central wall section to permit condensate to drain through

Art Unit: 1744

the perforation openings when the valve arrangement is in the open position; an annular valve seat surrounding the perforation openings; and the valve body having a valve plate and a valve ring on the valve plate, the valve ring cooperating with the annular valve seat to seal the sterilization chamber.

The closest prior art to the applicant's claimed invention is Wagner (U.S. Patent No. 5,352,416). Wagner discloses a sterilization container for holding sterilized items to be passed through a sterilization process in a sterilizer that includes a vacuum drying phase and a ventilation phase, the container is capable of remaining hermetically sealed and maintaining a vacuum established during the sterilization process; the container having a valve arrangement permitting an exchange of a medium between the sterilizer and the sterilization container during the sterilization process, the valve arrangement comprising, an open position of the valve arrangement to permit the exchange of the medium and a closed position of the valve arrangement operable to prevent the exchange of the medium; and a temperature sensor in the valve arrangement operable to prevent the valve arrangement from moving to the closed position until a set temperature cycle of the sterilizer is complete (see figures 1 and 10, column 1, lines 35-63, and column 4, lines 9-63).

However, Wagner fails to teach the specific elements recited in dependent claims 30 and 32. Therefore, claims 30 and 32-54 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Application/Control Number: 09/937,516

Art Unit: 1744

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 26-29, 31 and 55-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sanderson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,349,118).

Regarding claims 26, 28 and 55, Sanderson et al. discloses a sterilization container (base (10) combined with lid (12)) for holding items to be passed through a sterilization process (see col. 3, lines 1-16); the container having a valve arrangement (58) permitting a medium exchange between an inside and an outside of the sterilization container during the sterilization process (see col. 3, lines 52-59), the valve arrangement (58) comprising: an open position of the valve arrangement to permit the exchange of the medium and a closed position of the valve arrangement to prevent the exchange of the medium; a valve body (60) responsive to a pressure flow to urge the valve arrangement to the closed position; a stop (latch (86) contacting latch lever (78)) in the valve arrangement, the stop (86) having a stop position to prevent the valve arrangement from moving to the closed position; and a temperature sensor (fuse metal (84) in housing (82)) coupled to the stop and operable to urge the stop away from the stop position based on a set temperature reached before the ventilation phase, wherein the temperature sensor is protected from premature cooling by the fact that the valve body (60) remains closed during cooling by latch (86) and the valve is only opened by

Application/Control Number: 09/937,516

Art Unit: 1744

depressing manual level (74) and resetting the stop (latch (84)) so that the valve is in an open position (see figures 1, 5 and 6; col. 3, line 60 to col. 4, line 57; col. 5, lines 3-38; col. 6, lines 23-45).

Regarding claims 27 and 29, Sanderson et al. discloses that the temperature senor (fuse metal (84)) exhibits hysteresis based on temperature (see col. 5, lines 11-22; col. 6, lines 23-25).

Regarding claim 31, Sanderson et al. discloses a recess (54) at a bottom portion of the sterilization container (see figure 5; col. 3, lines 52-59). The valve arrangement (58) being located in the recess and operable to permit condensate formed during the sterilization process to drain form the bottom portion through the valve arrangement.

Regarding claims 56 and 57, Sanderson et al. discloses a method of operating a valve in a sterilization container for holding items to be passed through a sterilization process in a sterilizer, comprising: setting a blocking pin (latching lever (78)) in a position to cooperate with a stop (86) to prevent closure of the valve; exposing he sterilization container and the valve to a sterilization phase while maintaining the blocking pin position; increasing a temperature applied to the sterilization container and valve to heat the valve beyond a set temperature; moving the blocking pin to a position to prevent cooperation with the stop in response to obtaining a temperature for the valve above the set temperature; closing the valve in response to a pressure differential, whereby the sterilization container maintains a vacuum. The process further includes the step of removing residual steam while the valve is opened so that the container is maintained in a dry state (see col. 4, line 58 to col. 5, line 67).

Page 6

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments, see pages 3-4, filed December 21, 2005, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 28, 29 and 55 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Sanderson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,349,118).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sean E. Conley whose telephone number is 571-272-8414. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gladys Corcoran can be reached on 571-272-1214. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

March 6, 2006

X. E.C.